# Subpart D—Payment for Durable Medical Equipment and Prosthetic and Orthotic Devices

#### §414.200 Purpose.

This subpart implements sections 1834 (a) and (h) of the Act by specifying how payments are made for the purchase or rental of new and used durable medical equipment and prosthetic and orthotic devices for Medicare beneficiaries.

[57 FR 57689, Dec. 7, 1992]

#### §414.202 Definitions.

For purposes of this subpart, the following definitions apply:

Covered item update means the percentage increase in the consumer price index for all urban consumers (U.S. city average) (CPI-U) for the 12-month period ending with June of the previous year

Durable medical equipment means equipment, furnished by a supplier or a home health agency that—

- (1) Can withstand repeated use;
- (2) Is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose:
- (3) Generally is not useful to an individual in the absence of an illness or injury; and
- (4) Is appropriate for use in the home. (See §410.38 of this chapter for a description of when an institution qualifies as a home.)

Prosthetic and orthotic devices means—

- (1) Devices that replace all or part of an internal body organ, including ostomy bags and supplies directly related to ostomy care, and replacement of such devices and supplies;
- (2) One pair of conventional eyeglasses or contact lenses furnished subsequent to each cataract surgery with insertion of an intraocular lens; and
- (3) Leg, arm, back, and neck braces, and artificial legs, arms, and eyes, including replacements if required because of a change in the beneficiary's physical condition.

The following are neither prosthetic nor orthotic devices—

- (1) Parenteral and enteral nutrients, supplies, and equipment:
- (2) Intraocular lenses:
- (3) Medical supplies such as catheters, catheter supplies, ostomy bags,

and supplies related to ostomy care that are furnished by an HHA as part of home health services under §409.40(e) of this chapter;

(4) Dental prostheses.

Region means those carrier service areas administered by CMS regional offices.

[57 FR 57689, Dec. 7, 1992]

### §414.210 General payment rules.

- (a) General rule. For items furnished on or after January 1, 1989, except as provided in paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section, Medicare pays for durable medical equipment, prosthetics and orthotics, including a separate payment for maintenance and servicing of the items as described in paragraph (e) of this section, on the basis of 80 percent of the lesser of—
  - (1) The actual charge for the item;
- (2) The fee schedule amount for the item, as determined in accordance with the provisions of §§ 414.220 through 414.232.
- (b) Payment classification. (1) The carrier determines fee schedules for the following classes of equipment and devices:
- (i) Inexpensive or routinely purchased items, as specified in §414.220.
- (ii) Items requiring frequent and substantial servicing, as specified in §414.222.
- (iii) Certain customized items, as specified in §414.224.
- (iv) Oxygen and oxygen equipment, as specified in §414.226.
- (v) Prosthetic and orthotic devices, as specified in § 414.228.
- (vi) Other durable medical equipment (capped rental items), as specified in §414.229.
- (vii) Transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulators (TENS), as specified in  $\S414.232$ .
- (2) CMS designates the items in each class of equipment or device through its program instructions.
- (c) Exception for certain HHAs. Public HHAs and HHAs that furnish services or items free-of-charge or at nominal prices to a significant number of low-income patients, as defined in §413.13(a) of this chapter, are paid on the basis of 80 percent of the fee schedule amount determined in accordance with the provision of §§414.220 through 414.230.

## §414.210

- (d) Prohibition on special limits. For items furnished on or after January 1, 1989 and before January 1, 1991, neither CMS nor a carrier may establish a special reasonable charge for items covered under this subpart on the basis of inherent reasonableness as described in § 405.502(g) of this chapter.
- (e) Maintenance and servicing—(1) General rule. Except as provided in paragraph (e)(3) of this section, the carrier pays the reasonable and necessary charges for maintenance and servicing of beneficiary-owned equipment. Reasonable and necessary charges are those made for parts and labor not otherwise covered under a manufacturer's or supplier's warranty. Payment is made for replacement parts in a lump sum based on the carrier's consideration of the item. The carrier establishes a reasonable fee for labor associated with repairing, maintaining, and servicing the item. Payment is not made for maintenance and servicing of a rented item other than the maintenance and servicing fee for oxygen equipment described in paragraph (e)(2) of this section or for other durable medical equipment as described in §414.229(e).
- (2) Maintenance and servicing payment for certain oxygen equipment furnished after the 36-month rental period from January 1, 2009 through June 30, 2010. The carrier makes a maintenance and servicing payment for oxygen equipment other than liquid and gaseous equipment (stationary and portable) as follows:
- (i) For the first 6-month period following the date on which the 36-month rental period ends in accordance with §414.226(a)(1) of this subpart, no payments are made.
- (ii) For each succeeding 6-month period, payment may be made during the first month of that period for 30 minutes of labor for routine maintenance and servicing of the equipment in the beneficiary's home (including an institution used as the beneficiary's home).
- (iii) The supplier must visit the beneficiary's home (including an institution used as the beneficiary's home) to inspect the equipment during the first month of the 6-month period.
- (3) Exception to maintenance and servicing payments. For items purchased on

- or after June 1, 1989, no payment is made under the provisions of paragraph (e)(1) of this section for the maintenance and servicing of:
- (i) Items requiring frequent and substantial servicing, as defined in §414.222(a);
- (ii) Capped rental items, as defined in §414.229(a), that are not beneficiaryowned in accordance with §414.229(d), §414.229(f)(2), or §414.229(h); and
- (iii) Capped rental items, as defined in §414.229(a), that are not beneficiary-owned in §414.229(d), §414.229(f)(2), or §414.229(h); and
- (iv) Oxygen equipment, as described in §414.226.
- (4) Supplier replacement of beneficiaryowned equipment based on accumulated repair costs. A supplier that transfers title to a capped rental item to a beneficiary in accordance with §414.229(f)(2) is responsible for furnishing replacement equipment at no cost to the beneficiary or to the Medicare program if the carrier determines that the item furnished by the supplier will not last for the entire reasonable useful lifetime established for the equipment in accordance with §414.210(f)(1). In making this determination, the carrier may consider whether the accumulated costs of repair exceed 60 percent of the cost to replace the item.
- (5) Maintenance and servicing payment for certain oxygen equipment furnished after the 36-month rental period and on or after July 1, 2010. For oxygen equipment other than liquid and gaseous equipment (stationary and portable), the carrier makes payment as follows:
- (i) For the first 6-month period following the date on which the 36-month rental period ends in accordance with §414.226(a)(1) of this subpart, no payments are made.
- (ii) For each succeeding 6-month period, payment may be made during the first month of that period for routine maintenance and servicing of the equipment in the beneficiary's home (including an institution used as the beneficiary's home).
- (iii) Payment for maintenance and servicing is made based on a reasonable fee not to exceed 10 percent of the purchase price for a stationary oxygen concentrator. This payment includes

payment for maintenance and servicing of all oxygen equipment other than liquid or gaseous equipment (stationary or portable).

- (iv) The supplier must visit the beneficiary's home (including an institution used as the beneficiary's home) to inspect the equipment during the first month of the 6-month period.
- (f) Payment for replacement of equipment. If an item of DME or a prosthetic or orthotic device paid for under this subpart has been in continuous use by the patient for the equipment's reasonable useful lifetime or if the carrier determines that the item is lost, stolen, or irreparably damaged, the patient may elect to obtain a new piece of equipment.
- (1) The reasonable useful lifetime of DME or prosthetic and orthotic devices is determined through program instructions. In the absence of program instructions, carriers may determine the reasonable useful lifetime of equipment but in no case can it be less than 5 years. Computation is based on when the equipment is delivered to the beneficiary, not the age of the equipment.
- (2) If the beneficiary elects to obtain replacement oxygen equipment, payment is made in accordance with §414.226(a).
- (3) If the beneficiary elects to obtain a replacement capped rental item, payment is made in accordance with §414.229(a)(2) or (a)(3).
- (4) For all other beneficiary-owned items, if the beneficiary elects to obtain replacement equipment, payment is made on a purchase basis.

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#### § 414.220 Inexpensive or routinely purchased items.

- (a) Definitions. (1) Inexpensive equipment means equipment the average purchase price of which did not exceed \$150 during the period July 1986 through June 1987.
- (2) Routinely purchased equipment means equipment that was acquired by purchase on a national basis at least 75 percent of the time during the period July 1986 through June 1987.

- (3) Accessories. Effective January 1, 1994, accessories used in conjunction with a nebulizer, aspirator, or ventilator excluded from §414.222 meet the definitions of "inexpensive equipment" and "routinely purchased equipment" in paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section, respectively.
- (b) Payment rules. (1) Subject to the limitation in paragraph (b)(3) of this section, payment for inexpensive and routinely purchased items is made on a rental basis or in a lump sum amount for purchase of the item based on the applicable fee schedule amount.
- (2) Effective January 1, 1994, payment for ostomy supplies, tracheostomy supplies, urologicals, and surgical dressings not furnished as incident to a physician's professional service or furnished by an HHA is made using the methodology for the inexpensive and routinely purchased class.
- (3) The total amount of payments made for an item may not exceed the fee schedule amount recognized for the purchase of that item.
- (c) Fee schedule amount for 1989 and 1990. The fee schedule amount for payment of purchase or rental of inexpensive or routinely purchased items furnished in 1989 and 1990 is the local payment amount determined as follows:
- (1) The carrier determines the average reasonable charge for inexpensive or routinely purchased items that were furnished during the period July 1, 1986 through June 30, 1987 based on the mean of the carrier's allowed charges for the item. A separate determination of an average reasonable charge is made for rental equipment, new purchased equipment, and used purchased equipment.
- (2) The carrier adjusts the amount determined under paragraph (c)(1) of this section by the change in the level of the CPI-U for the 6-month period ending December 1987.
- (d) Updating the local payment amounts for years after 1990. For each year subsequent to 1990, the local payment amounts of the preceding year are increased or decreased by the covered item update. For 1991 and 1992, the covered item update is reduced by 1 percentage point.
- (e) Calculating the fee schedule amounts for years after 1990. For years